# 8-PIN PWM SWITCHER CONTROLLER IC WITH CURRENT LIMITING

#### **FEATURES**

- 8-Pin SOIC switching controller with HICCUP current limiting reduces diode power dissipation to less than 1% of normal operation
- Soft-Start capacitor allows for smooth output voltage ramp up
- On-Board MOSFET Driver
- Fastest transient response of any controller method. (0 to 100% Duty Cycle in 100ns)
- 1% Internal Voltage Reference
- Internal Under-Voltage Lockout protects MOSFET during start-up

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Dual supply low voltage processor applications, such as: P55C<sup>TM</sup>, CYRIX M2<sup>TM</sup>, POWER PC<sup>TM</sup> and AMD K6<sup>TM</sup>
- Simple 5V to 3.3V switcher for Pentium with AGP or Pentium II™ applications

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The IRU3034 IC provides a low cost switching controller with true short circuit protection all in a compact 8-pin surface mount package, providing a low cost switching solution for dual supply processor applications that require switching regulator for the 3.3V supply such as the applications with AGP on-board. Typically in these applications, a dual supply regulator converts 5V to 3.3V for I/O supply and a jumper programmable supply of 1.25V to 3.5V for Core supply. The IC uses an internal regulator generated from the 12V supply to power the controller as well as the 12V supply to drive the power MOSFET, allowing a low cost N-channel MOSFET to be used. The IC also includes an error comparator for fast transient response, a precise voltage reference for setting the output voltage as well as a direct drive of the MOSFET for the minimum part count.

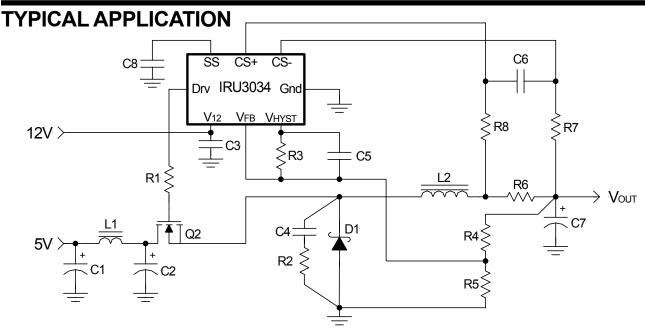


Figure 1 - Typical application of IRU3034.

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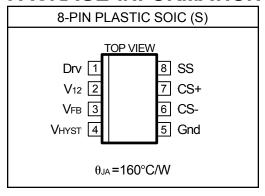
## **PACKAGE ORDER INFORMATION**

T <sub>A</sub> (°C)	Basic Device	Leadfree Device	Package	Parts per	Parts per	T&R
				Tube	Reel	Orientation
0 To 70	IRU3034CS	IRU3034CS(PbF)	8-Pin Plastic SOIC(S	) 95	2500	see
		Ì	`			Fig. A

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

V12 Supply Voltages20VFb Pin Voltages-0.3V To 5VStorage Temperature Range-65 To 150°COperating Junction Temperature0 To 150°C

#### PACKAGE INFORMATION



## **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Unless otherwise specified, the following specification applies over  $V_{12}$ =12V and  $T_A$ =0 to 70°C. Low duty cycle pulse testing is used which keeps junction and case temperatures equal to the ambient temperature.

PARAMETER	SYM	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Fb Voltage Initial Accuracy	V <sub>FB</sub>	TJ=25°C	1.237	1.250	1.262	V
Fb Voltage Total Variation			1.225	1.250	1.275	V
Fb Voltage Line Regulation				0.2		%
Fb Input Bias Current	lғв	V <sub>FB</sub> =1.25V	-1		+1	μΑ
Minimum On Time		V <sub>FB</sub> is sq wave with 300ns on		800		ns
		time and 2µs off time				
Minimum Off Time		V <sub>FB</sub> is sq wave with 300ns off		800		ns
		time and 2µs on time				
V <sub>HYST</sub> Pin Output-HI		Isource=500μA, V <sub>FB</sub> =1.5V	11			V
V <sub>HYST</sub> Pin Output-LO		Isinκ=500μA, V <sub>FB</sub> =1V			1	V
Supply Current	I <sub>12(SW)</sub>	V <sub>FB</sub> =1V		10		mA
Maximum Duty Cycle	DMAX	V <sub>FB</sub> =1V			100	%
Minimum Duty Cycle	DMIN	V <sub>FB</sub> =1.5V	0			%
Gate Drive Rise/Fall Time	VGATE	Load=IRL3303		70		ns
CL Threshold Current	<b>I</b> CL	CS+, CS- from 1.3V to 3.7V		20		μΑ
CS Comp Common Mode		V <sub>CS+</sub> =V <sub>CS-</sub>	0		4.5	V
Soft-Start Current				10		μΑ

# **PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

PIN#	PIN SYMBOL	PIN DESCRIPTION
1	Drv	The PWM output of the switching controller. This pin is a totem pole drive that is con-
		nected to the gate of the power MOSFET. A resistor may be placed from this pin to the
		gate in order to reduce switching noise.
2	V <sub>12</sub>	This pin supplies the voltage to the PWM drive and hysteresis circuitry and it is connected
		to the 12V supply. A $1\mu F$ , high frequency capacitor must be connected from this pin to
		ground to provide the peak current for charging and discharging of the MOSFET.
3	V <sub>FB</sub>	A resistor divider from this pin to the output of the switching regulator and ground sets the
		Core supply voltage.
4	VHYST	A resistor and a 10pF capacitor is connected from this pin to the VFB pin to set the output
		ripple voltage for the switching regulator.
5	Gnd	This pin is connected to the IC substrate and must be connected to the lowest potential in
		the system.
6	CS-	This pin is connected to the minus side of the external current sense resistor. An internal
		current source together with an external resistor in series with this pin programs the
		current limit threshold voltage. This voltage divided by the external current sense resistor
		sets the current limit threshold.
7	CS+	This pin is connected to the plus side of the external current sense resistor. A resistor in
		series with this pin and a capacitor connected between this pin and pin 6 provides a high
		frequency filtering for the noise spikes of turn on and turn off switching.
8	SS	This pin provides the soft-start for the regulator during power up. It also sets a long off time
		when the converter goes into current limiting, providing low duty cycle for the catch diode
		allowing it to survive during short circuit.

## **BLOCK DIAGRAM**

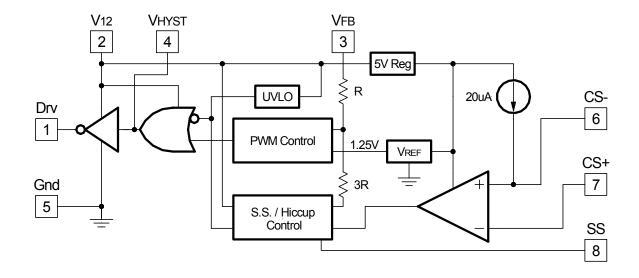


Figure 2 - Simplified block diagram of the IRU3034.

## **TYPICAL APPLICATION**

Pentium Core Supply Application (IRU3034 and IRU3033 Dual Layout) Low Cost 4-Bit VID

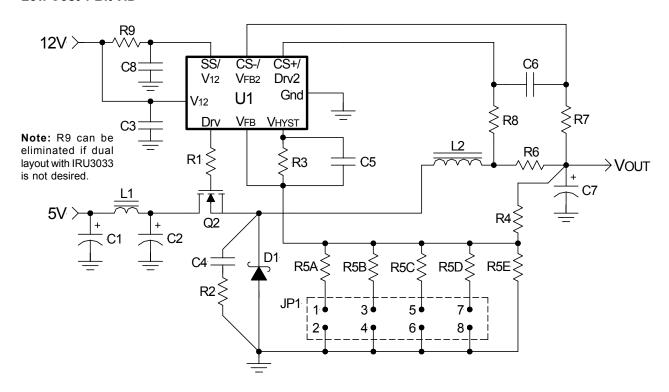


Figure 3 - Typical application of IRU3034 in a flexible motherboard with the 4-bit VID output voltage selection. This circuit is done using a dual layout with the IRU3033 part. The advantage of this circuit is that it uses a single jumper that programs the output voltage in 16 steps with 0.1V steps from 2V to 3.5V, designed for Intel P55, P54, AMD K5 & K6 as well as Cyrix M1 and M2 applications.

JP1	JP1	JP1	JP1	Output
1-2	3-4	5-6	7-8	Voltage
0	0	0	0	3.5
0	0	0	1	3.4
0	0	1	0	3.3
0	0	1	1	3.2
0	1	0	0	3.1
0	1	0	1	3.0
0	1	1	0	2.9
0	1	1	1	2.8
1	0	0	0	2.7
1	0	0	1	2.6
1	0	1	0	2.5
1	0	1	1	2.4
1	1	0	0	2.3
1	1	0	1	2.2
1	1	1	0	2.1
1	1	1	1	2.0

0 = Jumper block is installed.

1 = Jumper block is not installed.



## PENTIUM CORE SUPPLY APPLICATION PARTS LIST

(IRU3034 and IRU3033 Dual Layout) Low Cost 4-Bit VID

Ref Desig		Qty	Part #	Manuf
U1	LDO/Switcher IC	1	IRU3034CS (8-Pin SOIC)	IR
Q2	MOSFET	1	IRL3303 (TO-220)	IR
			IRL3103S (TO-263) (Note 1)	
D1	Schottky Diode	1	MBR1045CT (TO-220)	
			MBRB1545CT (TO-263) (Note1)	Motorola
L2	Inductor	1	Core: T50-18, L=4μH	Micro Metal
			Turns: 10T, 18 AWG	(core)
L1	Inductor	1	L=2μH	
R1	Resistor	1	22Ω, 5%, SMT 1206 size	
R2	Resistor	1	10Ω, 5%, SMT 1206 size	
R3	Resistor	1	324KΩ, 1%, SMT 0805 size	
R4A *	Resistor	1	806Ω, 1%, SMT 0805 size	
R4B *	Resistor	1	90.9KΩ, 1%, SMT 0805 size	
R5A	Resistor	1	1.24KΩ, 1%, SMT 0805 size	
R5B	Resistor	1	2.49KΩ, 1%, SMT 0805 size	
R5C	Resistor	1	4.99KΩ, 1%, SMT 0805 size	
R5D	Resistor	1	10KΩ, 1%, SMT 0805 size	
R5E	Resistor	1	1.30Ω, 1%, SMT 0805 size	
R6	Resistor	1	5mΩ, 5%, 2W	
R7	Resistor	1	4.99KΩ, 1%, SMT 0805 size	
R8	Resistor	1	$4.7$ K $\Omega$ , 5% for IRU3034, open for 3033	
R9	Resistor	1	Open for IRU3034, $10\Omega$ for IRU3033	
C1	Capacitor	1	6MV1500GX, 1500μF, 6.3V, Elect	
C2	Capacitor	1	6MV1500GX, 1500μF, 6.3V, Elect	Sanyo
C3	Capacitor	1	1μF, Ceramic, SMT 0805 size	
C4	Capacitor	1	470pF, Ceramic, SMT 0805 size	Sanyo
C5	Capacitor	1	10pF, Ceramic, SMT 0805 size	Sanyo
C7	Capacitor	4	6MV1500GX, 1500μF, 6.3V, Elect	Sanyo
C8	Capacitor	1	0.047μF for 3034 , 0.1μF for IRU3033	
C6	Capacitor	1	4700pF for IRU3034, open for IRU3033	
HS1	Heat Sink	1	For MOSFET, 577002	Aavid
HS2	Heat Sink	1	For Schottky Diode, 577002	Aavid

<sup>\*</sup>R4 is a parallel combination of R4A and R4B.

**Note:** For the applications where it is desirable to eliminate the heat sink, the IRL3103S for Q2 and MBR1545CT for D2 in TO-263 packages with minimum of 1" square copper pad can be used.

#### TYPICAL APPLICATION

5V to 3.3V for Pentium Application with AGP or Pentium II Application without ATX power supply Switching mode Operation. (IRU3034 and IRU3033 Dual Layout)

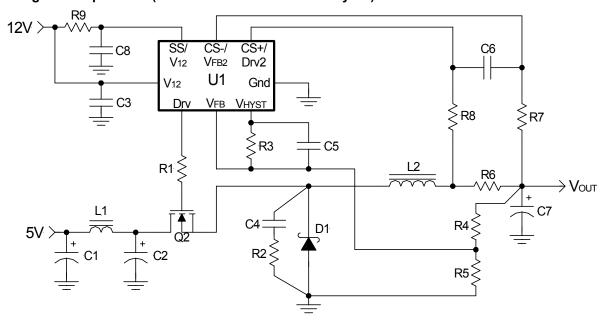


Figure 4 - The circuit in figure 4 is the application of the IRU3034 which is done using a dual layout with IRU3033 in a switching mode only. This circuit can be used to generate a low cost 5V to 3.3V for either Pentium application with AGP socket or in Pentium II applications where it is desirable to generate an accurate on-board 3.3V supply.

Ref Desig	Description	Qty	Part #	Manuf
U1	LDO/Switcher IC	1	IRU3034CS (8-Pin SOIC)	IR
Q2 MOSFET		1	IRL3303 (TO-220)	IR
			IRL3103S (TO-263) (Note 1)	
D1	Schottky Diode			
			MBRB1545CT (TO-263) (Note1)	Motorola
L2	Inductor	1	Core: T50-18, L=4μH	Micro Metal
			Turns: 10T, 18 AWG	(core)
L1	Inductor	1	L=2μH	
R1	Resistor	1	22Ω, 5%, SMT 1206 size	
R9	Resistor	1	Open for IRU3034, $10\Omega$ for IRU3033	
R2	Resistor	1	10Ω, 5%, SMT 1206 size	
R3	Resistor	1	249KΩ, 1%, SMT 0805 size	
R4	Resistor	1	1KΩ, 1%, SMT 0805 size	
R5	Resistor	1	576Ω, 1%, SMT 0805 size	
R6	Resistor	1	5mΩ, 5%, 2W	
R7	Resistor	1	4.99KΩ, 1%, SMT 0805 size	
R8	Resistor	1	4.7KΩ, 5% for IRU3034, Open for IRU3033	
C1, 2	Capacitor	2	6MV1500GX, 1500μF, 6.3V, Elect	Sanyo
C3	Capacitor	1	1μF, Ceramic, SMT 0805 size	
C4	Capacitor	1	470pF, Ceramic, SMT 0805 size	Sanyo
C5	Capacitor	1	10pF, Ceramic, SMT 0805 size	Sanyo
C6	Capacitor	1	4700pF for IRU3034, Open for IRU3033	
C7	Capacitor	2	6MV1500GX, 1500μF, 6.3V, Elect	Sanyo
C8	Capacitor	1	0.047μF for IRU3034 , 0.1μF for 3033	
HS1	Heat Sink	1	For MOSFET, 577002	Aavid
HS2	Heat Sink	1	For Schottky Diode, 577002	Aavid

**Note:** For the applications where it is desirable to eliminate the heat sink, the IRL3103S for Q2 and MBR1545CT for D2 in TO-263 packages with minimum of 1" square copper pad can be used.

## TYPICAL APPLICATION

5V to 3.3V with loss-less short circuit protection (Output UVLO detection)

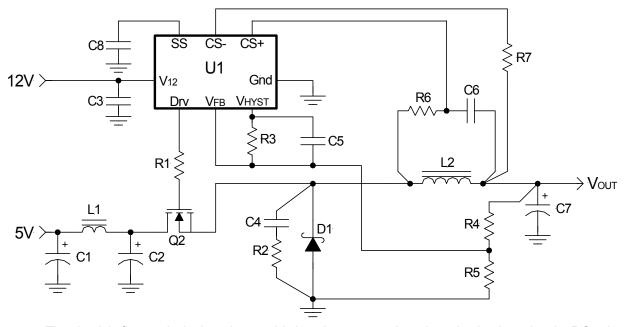


Figure 5 - The circuit in figure 5 is designed to provide loss-less output short detection by detecting the DC voltage across the inductor and shutting down the MOSFET and entering HICCUP mode. Note that the current limit point is a function of the inductor resistance and in this application with approximately  $8m\Omega$  resistance the peak CL is set at 10A. See application note on how to set the current limiting threshold.

Ref Desig	Description	Qty	Part #	Manuf
U1	Switcher IC	1	IRU3034CS (8-Pin SOIC)	IR
Q2	MOSFET	1	IRL3303 (TO-263)	IR
D1	Schottky Diode	1	PBYR735 (Axial Thru Hole pkg)	
			PBYR1035B (SMT, T-263 pkg)	Motorola
L2	Inductor	1	Core: T50-18, L=4μH	Micro Metal
			Turns: 7T, 18 AWG	(core)
L1	Inductor	1	L=μH	
R1,2	Resistor	2	10Ω, 5%, SMT	
R3	Resistor	1	182KΩ, 1%, SMT	
R4	Resistor	1	1KΩ, 1%, SMT	
R5	Resistor	1	576Ω, 1%, SMT	
R7	Resistor	1	3.83KΩ, 1%, SMT	
R6	Resistor	1	1KΩ, 1%, SMT	
C1	Capacitor	1	470μF, Elect	
C2	Capacitor	1	6MV1000GX, 1000μF, 6.3V, Elect	Sanyo
C3	Capacitor	1	1μF, Ceramic, SMT	
C5	Capacitor	1	10pF, Ceramic, SMT	Sanyo
C6	Capacitor	1	0.1μF	
C7	Capacitor	2	6MV1000GX, 1000μF, 6.3V, Elect	Sanyo
C8	Capacitor	1	0.047μF	

#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

#### Introduction

The IRU3034 device is an application specific product designed to provide an on-board switching supply for the new generation of microprocessors requiring separate Core and I/O supplies where the load current demand from the I/O supply requires this regulator to also be a switching regulator such as the motherboard applications with AGP slot or the Pentium II with on-board 5V to 3.3V converter. The IRU3034 provides an easy and low cost switching regulator solution for Vcore and 3.3V supplies with true short circuit protection.

#### **Switching Controller Operation**

The operation of the switching controller is as follows:

After the power is applied, the output drive pin (Drv) goes to 100% duty cycle and the current in the inductor charges the output capacitor causing the output voltage to increase. When output reaches a pre-programmed set point the feedback pin ( $V_{FB}$ ) exceeds 1.25V causing the output drive to switch Low and the  $V_{HYST}$  pin to switch High which jumps the feedback pin higher than 1.25V resulting in a fixed output ripple which is given by the following equation:

$$\Delta$$
Vo = (Rt/Rh) × 11

Where:

Rt = Resistor connected from  $V_{OUT}$  to the  $V_{FB}$  pin of IRU3034.

Rh = Resistor connected from V<sub>FB</sub> pin to V<sub>HYST</sub> pin.

For example, if Rt=1K and Rh=422K, then the output ripple is:

$$\Delta Vo = (1/422) \times 11 = 26 \text{mV}$$

The advantage of fixed output ripple is that when the output voltage changes from 2V to 3.5V, the ripple voltage remains the same which is important in meeting the Intel maximum tolerance specification.

#### **Soft-Start**

The soft-start capacitor must be selected such that during the start-up when the output capacitors are charging up, the peak inductor current does not reach the current limit threshold. A minimum of  $0.1\mu F$  capacitor insures this for most applications. During start-up the soft-start capacitor is charged up to approximately 6V keeping the output shutdown before an internal  $10\mu A$  current source start discharging the soft-start capacitor which

slowly ramps up the inverting input of the PWM comparator,  $V_{FB}$ . This insures the output to ramp up at the same rate as the soft-start cap thereby limiting the input current. For example, with  $0.1\mu F$  and the  $10\mu A$  internal current source the ramp up rate is:

$$(\Delta V/\Delta t) = I/Css = 10/0.1 = 100V/s \text{ or } 0.1V/ms$$

Assuming that the output capacitance is  $6000\mu F$ , the peak input current will be:

$$I_{IN(pk)} = Css \times (\Delta V/\Delta t) = 6000 \mu F \times (0.1 V/ms) = 0.6A$$

The soft start capacitor also provides a delay in the turn on of the output which is given by:

 $T_D = Css \times K$ 

Where:

 $K = 30 \text{ms}/\mu\text{F}$ 

For example for Css=0.1µF,

$$T_D = 0.1 \times 30 = 3$$
ms

#### **Switcher Current Limit Protection**

The IRU3034 uses an external current sensing resistor and compares the voltage drop across it to a programmed voltage which is set externally via a resistor (Rcl) placed between the CS- terminal of the IC and Vout. Once the voltage across the sense resistor exceeds the threshold, the soft-start capacitor pulls up to 12V, pulling up the inverting pin of the error comparator higher than noninverting which causes the external MOSFET to shut off. At this point the CS comparator changes its state and pulls the soft-start capacitor to Vcc which is 12V and shutting the PWM drive. After the output drive is turned off, an internal 10µA current source slowly discharges the soft-start capacitor to approximately 5.7V, before the output starts to turn back on causing a long delay before the MOSFET turns back on. This delay causes the catch diode to cool off between the current limit cycles allowing the converter to survive a short circuit condition. An example is given below as how to select the current limiting components. Assuming the desired current limit point is set to be 20A and the current sense resistor Rs=5m $\Omega$ , then the current limit programming resistor, Rcl is calculated as:

$$Vcs = I_{CL} \times Rs = 20 \times 0.005 = 0.1V$$

$$R_{CL} = V_{CS}/I_B = (0.1V)/(20\mu A) = 5K\Omega$$

Where:

 $I_B = 20 \mu A$  is the internal current source of IRU3034



The peak power dissipated in the CS resistor is:

$$Ppk = I_{CL}^2 \times Rs = 20^2 \times 0.005 = 2W$$

However, the average power dissipated is much lower than 2W due to the long off time caused by the hiccup circuit of IRU3034. The average power is in fact the short circuit period divided by the short circuit period plus the off time or "Hiccup" period. For example, if the short circuit lasts for Tsc= $100\mu s$  before the IRU3034 enters hiccup, the average power is calculated as:

$$P_{AVG} = 0.5 \times Ppk \times Dsc$$

Where:

Dsc = Tsc / Thep  $T_{HCP} = Css \times M$  $M = 200ms/\mu F$ 

Css = The soft-start capacitor

For example:

For Css=0.1 $\mu$ F and Tsc=500 $\mu$ s=0.5ms

 $T_{HCP} = 0.1 \times 200 = 20 \text{ms}$ 

 $P_{AVG} = 0.5 \times 2 \times (0.5/20) = 25 \text{mW}$ 

Without "Hiccup" technique, the power dissipation of the resistor is 2W.

#### **Switcher Output Voltage Setting**

The output voltage can be set using the following equations:

Assuming, Vo=3.38V and the selected output ripple is  $\approx$  1.3%(44mV) of the output voltage, a set of equations are derived that selects the resistor divider and the hysteresis resistor:

Assuming, Rt = 1K $\Omega$ , 1%:

$$R_H = (11 \times Rt) / \Delta Vo$$

Where:

Rt = Top resistor of the resistor divider

 $R_{\text{H}}$  = Hysteresis resistor connected between pins 3 and 4 of the IRU3034

 $\Delta$ Vo = Selected output ripple (typically 1% to 2% of output voltage)

Assuming,  $\Delta Vo=44mV$ :

$$R_H = (11 \times 1000) / 0.044 = 250 K\Omega$$

Select R<sub>H</sub> = 249K $\Omega$ , 1%

The bottom resistor of the divider is then calculated using the following equations:

$$R_B = Rt / X$$

Where:

R<sub>B</sub> = Bottom resistor of the divider

V<sub>REF</sub> = 1.25V Typical

 $X = [(Vo + (\Delta Vo/2)) / V_{REF}] - 1$ 

X=[(3.38+(0.044/2))/1.25]-1=1.72

 $R_B = 1000 / 1.72 = 580\Omega$ 

Select R<sub>B</sub> =  $576\Omega$ , 1%

#### **Frequency Calculation**

The IRU3034 frequency of operation is calculated using the following formula:

$$Fs = [(Vo \times (1-D) \times ESR)] / (L \times \Delta Vo) \quad (MHz)$$

Where:

Vo = Output voltage (V)

D = Duty cycle

ESR = Output capacitor ESR (V)

L = Output inductance  $(\mu H)$ 

 $\Delta$ Vo = Output ripple voltage (V)

For our example:

$$D \approx (Vo + Vf) / V_{IN}$$

Where:

Vf = Forward voltage drop of the Schottky diode.

$$D = (3.38 + 0.5) / 5 = 0.78$$

The ESR=18m $\Omega$  for 2 of the Sanyo 1500  $\mu$ F, 6MV1500GX caps. If L=3.5  $\mu$ H then, Fs is calculated as follows:

Fs = 
$$\frac{[(3.38 \times (1-0.78) \times 0.018)]}{(3.5 \times 0.044)}$$
 = 0.087

$$Fs = 87KHz$$

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

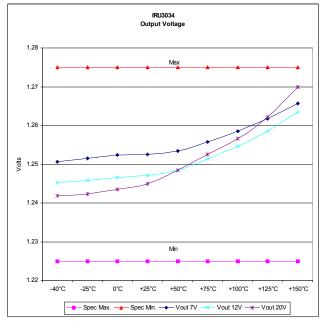


Figure 6 - Output Voltage.

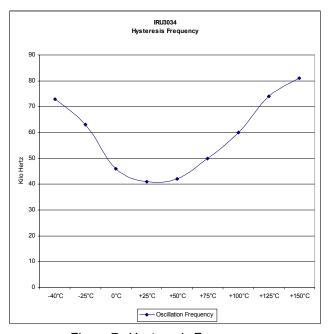


Figure 7 - Hysteresis Frequency.

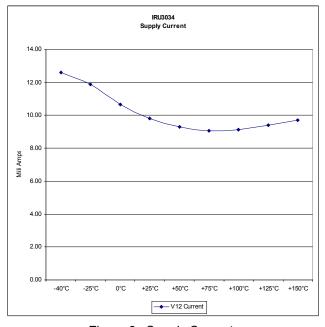


Figure 8 - Supply Current.

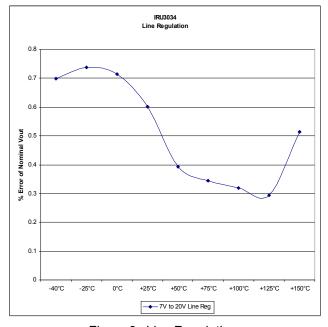
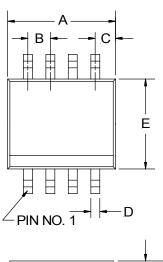


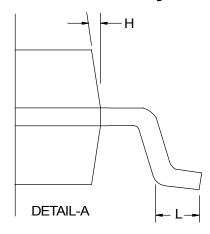
Figure 9 - Line Regulation.

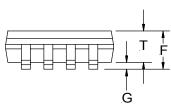
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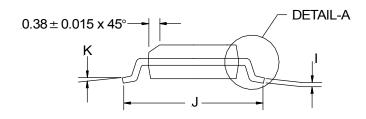
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# (S) SOIC Package 8-Pin Surface Mount, Narrow Body



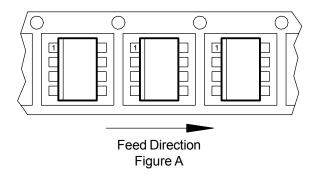






8-PIN					
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX			
Α	4.80	4.98			
В	1.27	BSC			
C	0.53	REF			
D	0.36	0.46			
Е	3.81	3.99			
F	1.52	1.72			
G	0.10	0.25			
I	7° BSC				
	0.19	0.25			
J	5.80	6.20			
K	0°	8°			
L	0.41	1.27			
T	1.37	1.57			

NOTE: ALL MEASUREMENTS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.





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